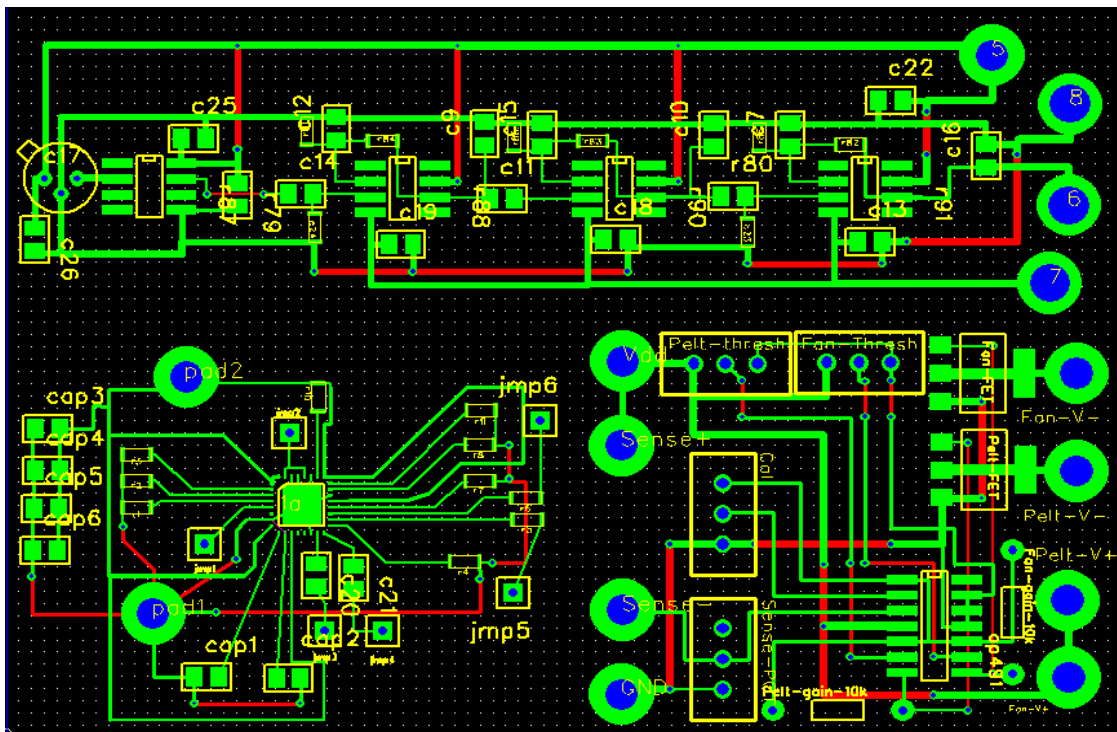




STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK

September 2006
Undergraduate Guide
To
Electrical Engineering



Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering

Stony Brook University
Stony Brook, NY 11794-2350

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This guide is to be used as an aid for students planning course sequences within the Electrical Engineering major. All students should consult the **University Undergraduate Bulletin and Bulletin Supplements** for official academic information and regulations.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT
NOTICE

September 2006

1. INTRODUCTION

Electrical engineering has been a professional field since 1884, and offers the greatest diversity of career choices; from communications to engineering in medicine and biology, from computers to oceanic engineering. Electrical engineering is the historical name for what is now called electrical, electronics, and computer engineering.

Mission of the Electrical and Computer Engineering Department:

The EE department seeks to educate engineers who will possess the basic concepts, tools, skills, and vision necessary to maintain the technological and economic competitiveness of the United States. The department achieves this through a balance of required courses and judicious choices of technical electives in three stages of undergraduate studies in electrical engineering. The first teaches the students basic mathematics and science; the second teaches the fundamental techniques of analysis and design of systems; and the third teaches in depth some specialized areas of electrical engineering through choices of technical electives taken during the junior and senior year.

Objectives:

The program educational objectives for Electrical Engineering are as follows:

PEO 1. Our graduates should excel in engineering positions in industry and other organizations that emphasize design and implementation of engineering systems and devices;

PEO 2. Our graduates should excel in best graduate schools, reaching advanced degrees in engineering and related disciplines;

PEO 3. Within several years from graduation our alumni should have established a successful career in an engineering-related multidisciplinary field, possibly leading or participating effectively in interdisciplinary engineering projects, as well as continuously adapting to changing technologies;

PEO 4. We expect our graduates to continue personal development through professional study and self-learning;

PEO 5. We expect our graduates to be good citizens and cultured human beings, as well as appreciate the importance of professional, ethical and societal responsibilities.

Program Outcomes (PO). To prepare students to meet the above program educational objectives (PEOs), a set of program outcomes (PO) that describes what students should know and be able to do when they graduate, have been adopted. We expect our graduates to attain:

a) an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering;

b) an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data;

c) an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability;

d) an ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams;

e) an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems;

f) an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility;

- g) an ability to communicate effectively;
- h) the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context;
- i) a recognition of the need for ability to engage in life-long learning;
- j) a knowledge of contemporary issues, and
- k) an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

More details about program educational objectives and outcomes can be found at <http://www.ece.sunysb.edu/peos>

2. DEGREE REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Students following a program of study leading to a Bachelor of Engineering must satisfy the general education requirements of the university, as well as, the requirements of the major, which consist of a core of mandatory courses and a set of electives. The B.E. degree program is periodically evaluated by the national Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology (A.B.E.T.). This board, comprising various professional engineering organizations, ensures a consistent engineering curriculum throughout the United States. The B.E. program in Electrical Engineering is accredited by A.B.E.T.

2.1 A.B.E.T. Requirements for Electrical Engineering

A.B.E.T. requires that students have a sound training in mathematics (including probability and statistics), natural sciences, computer sciences, humanities, social sciences, communication skills, and engineering topics. Engineering topics include engineering science and engineering design. Content of the former category is determined by the creative application of basic science skills, while the content in the latter category focuses on the process of devising a system, or component, or process. Design has been integrated into the four year program, beginning with a freshman course *ESE 123 Introduction to Electronic Design*. This course, taught by a team of faculty, concentrates on the design issues of real systems through the fabrication of a working prototype. This course also serves as a vehicle for informing the students of the needs for understanding the fundamentals of basic mathematics and sciences. Sophistication in the use of design tools and analytical skills are continuously developed through a series of required courses taken during the sophomore and junior years, culminating in a capstone senior design project.

2.2 Diversified Education Curriculum (D.E.C.)

The general education requirements of the university, described in the Diversified Education Bulletin, summarized in Table 1, must be satisfied by all students. D.E.C. requirements are divided into three categories of University Skills, Disciplinary Diversity, and Expanding Perspectives and Cultural Awareness. Additionally, each category is subdivided and assigned a letter from A through J. Courses satisfying each letter category may be taken at any time, except for D.E.C. A, which must be taken in the Freshman year. No D.E.C. course may be used to satisfy two categories simultaneously, however, it may also be used to satisfy the major requirements. For example, PHY 131 satisfies D.E.C. category E as well as the major requirement. In selecting courses for the I and J categories, students must select one with a humanities designator and the other with a social sciences designator (this ensures necessary depth). Students should use Table 1 in planning their D.E.C. course assignments.

**Table 1: Diversified Education Curriculum (D.E.C.)
Requirements for Electrical Engineering Majors**

LEVEL	COURSES (number)	GRADE (min)	EXAMPLE
<u>University Skills:</u> A – English Composition B – Interpreting Texts in the Humanities C – Mathematical and Statistical Reasoning	1 1 1	C D C ¹	WRT 102* ANY AMS 151
<u>Disciplinary Diversity:</u> E – Natural Sciences F – Social and Behavioral Sciences G – Humanities	2 1 1	C ¹ D D	PHY 131,133 PHY 132,134 ANY ANY
<u>Expanding Perspectives and Cultural Awareness:</u> H – Implications of Science and Technology I – European Traditions J - The World Beyond European Traditions	1 1 1	D D D	ANY see above see above
¹ A grade of “C” is a major requirement			

* Students are required to complete WRT 101, Introductory Writing Workshop, and WRT 102, Intermediate Workshop A, with a grade of C or higher, or completion of WRT 103, Intermediate Writing Workshop B, with a grade of C or higher

2.3 Recommended Course Sequence: Microelectronics

	<u>FALL</u>	Credits	<u>SPRING</u>	Credits
Freshman	AMS 151 Calculus I ¹ or MAT 131	3-4	AMS 161 Calculus II or MAT 132	3-4
	PHY 131 Gen. Phys. I ²	4	PHY 132 Gen. Phys. II	4
	D.E.C. A English Comp	3	CHE 131 Gen. Chem. I	4
	ESE 123 Electronic Design	4	CHE 133 Gen. Chem. Lab. 1	1
	First year Seminar 101	1	ESE 124 Com. Tech. for Elec. Des. I	3
			First year Seminar 102	1
		15-16		16-17
Sophomore	AMS 361 Calc. IV (or MAT 303)	4	AMS 261 Calc. III (or MAT 203)	4
	ESE 218 Digital Sys.	4	ESE 372 Electronics	4
	ESE 271 Elect. Cir.	4	ESE 306 Random Sig. Sys.	3
	ESE 305 Det. Sig. Sys.	3	ESE 231 Intro. Sem. Dev.	3
	ESE 224 Com. Tech. for Elec. Des. II	3	ESE 211 Elect. Lab. A	2
		18		16
Junior	D.E.C. Course	3	ESE 355 VLSI Sys. Design	4
	ESE 314 Elect. Lab. B	3	ESE 324 Elect. Lab. C	2
	ESE 319 Intro. E&M Fields	3	ESE 300 Writing in EE	3
	ESE 337 Dig. Sig. Proc.	3	ESE 311 Analog Integrated Cir.	3
	ESE 373 RF Electronics	3	D.E.C. Course	3
	AMS 210 Lin. Algebra (or MAT 211)	3		
		18		15
Senior	ESE 440 Engr. Design I	3	ESE 441 Engr. Design II	3
	D.E.C. Course	3	D.E.C. Course	3
	ESE 330 Integrated Electronics	3	ESE 304 App. Operational Amplifiers	3
	ESE 380 Emb. Micro. Sys. Design	4	technical elective ³	3
	D.E.C. Course	3	D.E.C. Course	3
		16		15
Total credits = 129-131				

All courses in **Bold** must be passed with a minimum grade of C

- 1 - AMS 151 and AMS 161 can be replaced by MAT 131 and MAT 132 or MAT 125, MAT 126 and MAT 127 or MAT 141 and 142.
- 2 - PHY 131 and PHY 132 can be replaced by PHY 125, PHY 126 and PHY 127, or PHY 141 and PHY 142. Students taking the three semester sequence should take PHY 125, PHY 127 and PHY 126, in that order.
- 3 - One technical elective from a list in Appendix A or D.

STUDENTS IN THE MAJOR MAY NOT PNC REQUIRED COURSES

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2.5 Checklist For Major Requirements In Microelectronics Track

AMS 151 _____ PHY 131 _____ CHE 131 _____
(or MAT 131) (or CHE 141)

AMS 161 _____ PHY 132 _____ CHE 133 _____
(or MAT 132) (or CHE 143)

AMS 261 (or MAT 203) _____ AMS 361 (or MAT 303) _____

AMS 210 (or MAT 211) _____

ESE 123⁴ _____ ESE 124 _____ **ESE 211** _____

ESE 218 _____ ESE 224 _____ **ESE 231** _____

ESE 271 _____ **ESE 300** _____ **ESE 304** _____

ESE 305 _____ ESE 306 _____ **ESE 311** _____

ESE 314 _____ ESE 319 _____ ESE 324 _____

ESE 330 _____ **ESE 337** _____ **ESE 355** _____

ESE 372 _____ **ESE 373** _____ ESE 380 _____

ESE 440 _____ ESE 441 _____

Elective from Appendix A or D: _____

Courses in Boldface must be completed with a "C" or better.

- ¹ - AMS 151 and AMS 161 can be replaced by MAT 131 and MAT 132 or MAT 125, MAT 126 and MAT 127 or MAT 141 and MAT 142.
- ² - PHY 131 and PHY 132 can be replaced by PHY 125, PHY 126 and PHY 127, or PHY 141 and PHY 142. Students taking the three semester sequence should take PHY 125, PHY 127 and PHY 126, in that order.
- ³ - Choice of one technical elective from a list in Appendix A or D.
- ⁴ - Transfer students who have completed the requirements of freshman mathematics and physics courses by their first fall semester at Stony brook may apply for a waiver of ESE 123. Written applications must be submitted to the Director of Undergraduate Studies in Electrical & Computer Engineering.

STUDENTS IN THE MAJOR MAY NOT PNC REQUIRED COURSES

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2.4 Recommended Course Sequence: Telecommunications

	<u>FALL</u>	Credits	<u>SPRING</u>	Credits
Freshman	AMS 151 Calculus I ¹ or MAT 131	3-4	AMS 161 Calculus II or MAT 132	3-4
	PHY 131 Gen. Phys. I ²	4	PHY 132 Gen. Phys. II	4
	D.E.C. A English Comp.	3	CHE 131 Gen. Chem. I	4
	ESE 123 Electronic Design	4	CHE 133 Gen. Chem. Lab. I	1
	First year Seminar 101	1	ESE 124 Com. Tech. for Elec. Des. I	3
			First year Seminar 102	1
		15-16		16-17
Sophomore	AMS 361 Calc. IV(or MAT 303)	4	AMS 261 Calc. III (or MAT 203)	4
	ESE 218 Digital Sys.	4	ESE 372 Electronics	4
	ESE 271 Elect. Cir.	4	ESE 306 Random Sig. Sys.	3
	ESE 305 Det. Sig. Sys.	3	ESE 231 Intro. Sem. Dev.	3
	ESE 224 Com. Tech. for Elec. Des. II	3	ESE 211 Elect. Lab. A	2
		18		16
Junior	D.E.C. Course	3	ESE 347 Dig.Sig. Proc.	4
	ESE 314 Elect. Lab	3	ESE 324 Elect. Lab. C	2
	ESE 319 Intro. E&M Fields	3	ESE 300 Writing in EE	3
	ESE 337 Dig. Sig. Proc.	3	ESE 342 Dig. Comm. Systems	3
	ESE 340 Basic Comm. Theory	3	D.E.C Course	3
	AMS 210 Lin. Algebra (or MAT 211)	3		
		18		15
Senior	ESE 440 Engr. Design I	3	ESE 441 Engr. Design II	3
	Technical elective ³	3	ESE 363 Fiber Opt. Comm.	3
	D.E.C Course	3	ESE 346 Computer Comm.	3
	ESE 380 Emb. Micro. Sys. Design	4	D.E.C. Course	3
	D.E.C. Course	3	D.E.C. Course	3
		16		15
Total credits = 129-131				

All courses in **Bold** must be passed with a minimum grade of C

- 1- AMS 151 and AMS 161 can be replaced by MAT 131 and MAT 132 or MAT 125, MAT 126 and MAT 127 or MAT 141 and 142.
- 2- PHY 131 and PHY 132 can be replaced by PHY 125, PHY 126 and PHY 127, or PHY 141 and PHY 142. Students taking the three semester sequence should take PHY 125, PHY 127 and PHY 126, in that order.
- 3- One technical elective from a list in Appendix B or D

STUDENTS IN THE MAJOR MAY NOT PNC REQUIRED COURSES

September 2006

2.5 Checklist For Major Requirements In Telecommunications Track

AMS 151 _____ (or MAT 131)	PHY 131 _____	CHE 131 _____ (or CHE 141)
AMS 161 _____ (or MAT 132)	PHY 132 _____	CHE 133 _____ (or CHE 143)
AMS 261 (or MAT 203) _____ AMS 361 (or MAT 303) _____		
AMS 210 (or MAT 211) _____		
ESE 123 ⁴ _____	ESE 124 _____	ESE 211 _____
ESE 218 _____	ESE 224 _____	ESE 231 _____
ESE 271 _____	ESE 300 _____	ESE 305 _____
ESE 306 _____	ESE 314 _____	ESE 319 _____
ESE 324 _____	ESE 337 _____	ESE 340 _____
ESE 342 _____	ESE 346 _____	ESE 347 _____
ESE 363 _____	ESE 372 _____	ESE 380 _____
ESE 440 _____	ESE 441 _____	
Elective from Appendix B or D: _____		

-
- ¹ - AMS 151 and AMS 161 can be replaced by MAT 131 and MAT 132 or MAT 125, MAT 126 and MAT 127 or MAT 141 and MAT 142.
- ² - PHY 131 and PHY 132 can be replaced by PHY 125, PHY 126 and PHY 127, or PHY 141 and PHY 142. Students taking the three semester sequence should take PHY 125, PHY 127 and PHY 126, in that order.
- ³ - Choice of one technical elective from a list in Appendix B or D.
- ⁴ - Transfer students who have completed the requirements of freshman mathematics and physics courses by their first fall semester at Stony brook may apply for a waiver of ESE 123. Written applications must be submitted to the Director of Undergraduate Studies in Electrical & Computer Engineering.

STUDENTS IN THE MAJOR MAY NOT PNC REQUIRED COURSES

September 2006

2.5 Recommended Course Sequence: General

	<u>FALL</u>	Credits	<u>SPRING</u>	Credits
Freshman	AMS 151 Calculus I ¹ or MAT 131	3-4	AMS 161 Calculus II or MAT 132	3-4
	PHY 131 Gen. Phys. I ²	4	PHY 132 Gen. Phys. II	4
	D.E.C. A English Comp	3	CHE 131 Gen. Chem. I	4
	ESE 123 Electronic Desgn	4	CHE 133 Gen. Chem. Lab. I	1
	First year Seminar 101	1	ESE 124 Com. Tech. for Elec. Des. I	3
			First year Seminar 102	1
		15-16		16-17
Sophomore	AMS 361 Calc. IV(or MAT 303)	4	AMS 261 Calc. III (or MAT 203)	4
	ESE 218 Digital Sys.	4	ESE 372 Electronics	4
	ESE 271 Elect. Cir.	4	ESE 306 Random Sig. Sys.	3
	ESE 305 Det. Sig. Sys.	3	ESE 231 Intro. Sem. Dev.	3
	ESE 224 Com. Tech. for Elec. Des. II	3	ESE 211 Elect. Lab. A	2
		18		16
Junior	AMS 210 Lin. Algebra (or MAT 211)	3	ESE XXX ³	3
	ESE 314 Elect. Lab. B	3	ESE 324 Elect. Lab. C	2
	ESE 319 Intro. E&M Fields	3	ESE 300 Writing in EE	3
	ESE 337 Dig. Sig. Proc.	3	ESE XXX ³	3
	D.E.C Course	3	D.E.C Course	3
		15	D.E.C Course	3
				17
Senior	ESE 440 Engr. Design I	3	ESE 441 Engr. Design II	3
	ESE XXX ³	3	ESE XXX ³	3
	Technical elective ⁴	3	D.E.C. Course	3
	ESE 380 Emb. Micro. Sys. Desgn	4	technical elective ⁴	3
	D.E.C. Course	3	D.E.C. Course	3
		16		15

Total credits = 128 - 130

All courses in **Bold** must be passed with a minimum grade of **C**

- 1- AMS 151 and AMS 161 can be replaced by MAT 131 and MAT 132 or MAT 125, MAT 126 and MAT 127 or MAT 141 and 142.
- 2- PHY 131 and PHY 132 can be replaced by PHY 125, PHY 126 and PHY 127, or PHY 141 and PHY 142. Students taking the three semester sequence should take PHY 125, PHY 127 and PHY 126, in that order.
- 3- Choice of four ESE technical electives from a list in Appendix C
- 4- Selected from a list of approved technical electives listed in Appendix D.

STUDENTS IN THE MAJOR MAY NOT PNC REQUIRED COURSES

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2.5 Checklist For Major Requirements In General Track

AMS 151 _____ PHY 131 _____ CHE 131 _____
(or MAT 131) (or CHE 141)

AMS 161 _____ PHY 132 _____ CHE 133 _____
(or MAT 132) (or CHE 143)

AMS 261 (or MAT 203) _____ AMS 361 (or MAT 303) _____

AMS 210 (or MAT 211) _____

ESE 123⁴ _____ ESE 124 _____ **ESE 211** _____

ESE 218 _____ ESE 224 _____ **ESE 231** _____

ESE 271 _____ **ESE 300** _____ ESE 305 _____

ESE 306 _____ ESE 314 _____ ESE 319 _____

ESE 324 _____ **ESE 337** _____ **ESE 372** _____

ESE 380 _____ ESE 440 _____ ESE 441 _____

Electives from Appendix C:

ESE³ _____ **ESE**³ _____

ESE³ _____ **ESE**³ _____

Two electives from Appendix D: _____
(one with "C" or better)

Courses in Boldface must be completed with a "C" or better.

- ¹ - AMS 151 and AMS 161 can be replaced by MAT 131 and MAT 132 or MAT 125, MAT 126 and MAT 127 or MAT 141 and MAT 142.
- ² - PHY 131 and PHY 132 can be replaced by PHY 125, PHY 126 and PHY 127, or PHY 141 and PHY 142. Students taking the three semester sequence should take PHY 125, PHY 127 and PHY 126, in that order.
- ³ - Choice of four ESE technical electives from a list in Appendix C.
- ⁴ - Transfer students who have completed the requirements of freshman mathematics and physics courses by their first fall semester at Stony brook may apply for a waiver of ESE 123. Written applications must be submitted to the Director of Undergraduate Studies in Electrical & Computer Engineering.

STUDENTS IN THE MAJOR MAY NOT PNC REQUIRED COURSES

September 2006

2.6 Academic Advising

The Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering is committed to providing excellent advising to all of its students. Undergraduate advisors are available for consultation during pre-assigned office hours. Additionally, the department mandates that all students see an academic advisor during the pre-registration period. This compulsory advising is enforced through a registration block, which is removed only after the student has seen an advisor.

2.7 Communication Skills

The importance of reporting results through written and oral communication is stressed throughout the four years. Technical report writing is an essential component of all laboratory courses. The skills are honed and fine tuned in a required junior level technical communication course. Students must register for the technical communication course ESE 300 concurrently with or after completion of ESE 314, 324, 380, or 382. The senior design project is a final platform for students with an opportunity to present their results in two written reports and an oral presentation.

2.8 Transfer Credit Equivalency

The Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering considers transfer credits for equivalency to ESE courses at any time. The student must provide a detailed course outline, textbook used, and any other pertinent course material for proper evaluation. The process is initiated by the student submitting a completed transfer credit equivalency form, together with additional attachments, to the College of Engineering and Applied Sciences undergraduate office. A record of previous transfer equivalency is available for reference.

3. ACADEMIC GUIDELINES

a) Grading Requirements

All courses required for the major must be taken for a letter grade. A grade of "C" or higher is required in each of the following courses:

- 1) ESE 211, ESE 218, ESE 231, ESE 271, ESE 300, ESE 337, ESE 372, MAT 131, MAT 132 (or AMS 151, AMS 161), PHY 131/133, PHY 132/134.
- 2) ESE 304, ESE 311, ESE 330, ESE 355, ESE 373 for students in the Microelectronics Track.
- 3) ESE 340, ESE 342, ESE 346, ESE 347, ESE 363 for students in the Telecommunications Track.
- 4) 4 ESE Technical Electives and one technical elective for students in the General Track.

b) Pass/No Credit Option

There is **NO PNC** option.

c) Residency Requirements

The following courses must be completed at Stony Brook:

1. ESE 440 and ESE 441 with a faculty advisor from the Electrical & Computer Engineering Department.
2. ESE 300.
3. A minimum of 7 Engineering courses. At least 5 of the 7 courses must be ESE courses passed with a grade of "C" or higher. The following courses cannot be used to meet this requirement:

ESE 211, ESE 300, ESE 314, ESE 324, ESE 440 and ESE 441.

d) College Time Limits for the Bachelor of Engineering Degree All requirements for the Bachelor of Engineering degree must be met in eleven semesters by those students with full-time status. Full-time transfer students must meet all degree requirements in the number of semesters remaining after the number of transferred degree related credits are divided by 12 (the semester equivalency) and the result is subtracted from 11 (semesters).

e) Graduate Courses

Graduate level courses may be taken by undergraduates with a superior academic record (technical G.P.A. of 3.3 or greater) to satisfy either open elective or non-ESE technical elective requirements with approval. Approval must be obtained from the Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering, the course instructor, and the College of Engineering and Applied Science.

f) Undergraduate Research

Students with a superior academic record may use ESE 499 (0-3 credits) to do an independent research study under the guidance of an Electrical & Computer Engineering faculty. Additional details may be found in the course description. The department has several research laboratories; Appendix F gives a brief description of each laboratory. This course must be taken at Stony Brook.

g) Undergraduate Teaching

Students with a superior academic record may use ESE 475 (3 credits of open elective) or ESE 476 to assist faculty in teaching by conducting recitation, laboratory sections and developing new laboratory experiments. These courses must be taken at Stony Brook, with permission of the Electrical & Computer Engineering Department. ESE 476 may be used as a Technical Elective.

h) Undergraduate Internship in Electrical Engineering

An independent off-campus engineering project with faculty supervision. Permission to register requires a **B** average in all engineering courses and the agreement of a faculty member to supervise the project. May be repeated but only three credits of internship electives may be counted toward the non-ESE technical elective requirements.

i) University Graduate Requirements

In addition to the above requirements a student should check that he or she has met all additional requirements set forth by the University, and The College of Engineering and Applied Science.

**STUDENTS SHOULD CONSULT THE UNDERGRADUATE BULLETIN FOR
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON ACADEMIC GUIDELINES.**

APPENDIX A:
ESE TECHNICAL ELECTIVES for Microelectronics

<u>Course</u>	<u>Course Title</u>
ESE 307	Analog Filter Design
ESE 310	Electrical Circuit Analysis II
ESE 312	Microwave Electronics
ESE 315	Control System Design
ESE 316	Digital Devices and Circuits
ESE 320	Microwave Electronics Lab.
ESE 321	Electromagnetic Waves & Wireless Communications
ESE 322	Automatic Identification Symbolologies and Scanning Technologies
ESE 323	RFID Technology for Automatic Identification
ESE 332	Semiconductor Device Characterization
ESE 333	Real-Time Operating Systems
ESE 340	Basic Communication Theory
ESE 341	Information Theory and Coding
ESE 342	Digital Communications Systems
ESE 343	Modern Electronic Communications Lab.
ESE 344	Software Techniques for Engineers
ESE 345	Computer Architecture
ESE 346	Computer Communications
ESE 347	Digital Signal Processing: Implementation
ESE 349	An Introduction to Fault Diagnosis of Digital Systems
ESE 350	Electrical Power Systems
ESE 351	Energy Conversion
ESE 352	Electromechanical Energy Converters
ESE 357	Digital Image Processing
ESE 358	Computer Vision
ESE 362	Optoelectronic Devices and Optical Imaging Techniques
ESE 363	Fiber Optic Communications
ESE 371	Computer Graphics
ESE 381	Embedded Microprocessor Systems Design II
ESE 382	Digital Design using VHDL and PLDs
ESE 390	Special Topics in Digital Systems (only counted once - maximum of 3 credits allowed)
ESE 476	Instructional Laboratory Development Practicum

APPENDIX B:
ESE TECHNICAL ELECTIVES for the Telecommunications track

<u>Course</u>	<u>Course Title</u>
ESE 304	Applications Operational Amplifiers
ESE 307	Analog Filter Design
ESE 310	Electrical Circuit Analysis II
ESE 311	Analog Integrated Circuits
ESE 312	Microwave Electronics
ESE 315	Control System Design
ESE 316	Digital Devices and Circuits
ESE 320	Microwave Electronics Lab.
ESE 321	Electromagnetic Waves & Wireless Communications
ESE 322	Automatic Identification Symbolologies and Scanning Technologies
ESE 323	RFID Technology for Automatic Identification
ESE 330	Integrated Electronics
ESE 332	Semiconductor Device Characterization
ESE 333	Real-Time Operating Systems
ESE 341	Information Theory and Coding
ESE 343	Modern Electronic Communications Lab.
ESE 344	Software Techniques for Engineers
ESE 345	Computer Architecture
ESE 349	An Introduction to Fault Diagnosis of Digital Systems
ESE 350	Electrical Power Systems
ESE 351	Energy Conversion
ESE 352	Electromechanical Energy Converters
ESE 355	VLSI System Design
ESE 357	Digital Image Processing
ESE 358	Computer Vision
ESE 362	Optoelectronic Devices and Optical Imaging Techniques
ESE 371	Computer Graphics
ESE 373	RF Electronics for Wireless Communications
ESE 381	Embedded Microprocessor Systems Design II
ESE 382	Digital Design using VHDL and PLDs
ESE 390	Special Topics in Digital Systems (only counted once - maximum of 3 credits allowed)
ESE 476	Instructional Laboratory Development Practicum

APPENDIX C:
ESE TECHNICAL ELECTIVES for General Track

<u>Course</u>	<u>Course Title</u>
ESE 304	Applications of Operational Amplifiers
ESE 307	Analog Filter Design
ESE 310	Electrical Circuit Analysis II
ESE 311	Analog Integrated Circuits
ESE 312	Microwave Electronics
ESE 315	Control System Design
ESE 316	Digital Devices and Circuits
ESE 320	Microwave Electronics Lab.
ESE 321	Electromagnetic Waves & Wireless Communications
ESE 322	Automatic Identification Symbolologies and Scanning Technologies
ESE 323	RFID Technology for Automatic Identification
ESE 330	Integrated Electronics
ESE 332	Semiconductor Device Characterization
ESE 333	Real-Time Operating Systems
ESE 340	Basic Communication Theory
ESE 341	Information Theory and Coding
ESE 342	Digital Communications Systems
ESE 343	Modern Electronic Communications Lab.
ESE 344	Software Techniques for Engineers
ESE 345	Computer Architecture
ESE 346	Computer Communications
ESE 347	Digital Signal Processing: Implementation
ESE 349	An Introduction to Fault Diagnosis of Digital Systems
ESE 350	Electrical Power Systems
ESE 351	Energy Conversion
ESE 352	Electromechanical Energy Converters
ESE 355	VLSI System Design
ESE 357	Digital Image Processing
ESE 358	Computer Vision
ESE 362	Optoelectronic Devices and Optical Imaging Techniques
ESE 363	Fiber Optic Communications
ESE 371	Computer Graphics
ESE 373	RF Electronics for Wireless Communications
ESE 381	Embedded Microprocessor Systems Design II
ESE 382	Digital Design using VHDL and PLDs
ESE 390	Special Topics in Digital Systems (only counted once - maximum of 3 credits allowed)
ESE 476	Instructional Laboratory Development Practicum

APPENDIX D:
NON-ESE TECHNICAL ELECTIVE

Course #	Course Title	Course #	Course Title
AMS 301	Finite Mathematical Struc.	ESE 475	UG Teaching Practicum
AMS 303	Graph Theory	ESE 476	Instructional Lab Development
AMS 312	Mathematical Statistics	ESE 488	Internship in Electrical Engineering
AMS 315	Data Analysis	ESE 499	Research in Electrical Sciences
AMS 321	Computer Projects in Appl. Math.		
AMS 326	Numerical Analysis		
AMS 331	Mathematical Modeling		
AMS 341	Operations Research I	ESG 281	An Engineering Intro to the Solid State
AMS 342	Operations Research II	ESG 302	Thermodynamics of Materials
AMS 373	Analysis of Algorithms	ESG 332	Materials Science I
AMS 487	Research in Applied Mathematics	ESG 333	Materials Science II
AMS 492	Topics in Applied Mathematics	ESG 339	Thin Film Processing of Advanced
Materials			

BME/BUS/MGT 300 level with permission of ECE Undergraduate Director

CSE 219	Computer Science III	ESM 302	Intro to Crystalline State
CSE 303	Intro to Theory of Computation	ESM 309	Thermodynamics of Solids
CSE 304	Compiler Design	ESM 325	Diffraction Tech. and Structure of Solids
CSE 305	Principles of Database Systems	ESM 335	Strength of Materials
CSE 306	Operating Systems	ESM 336	Electronic Materials
CSE 308	Software Engineering	ESM 353	Biomaterials: Manufacture, Prop & Appl
CSE 328	Fund. of Computer Graphics	ESM 355	Materials & Processes in Mfg. Design
CSE 332	Intro. to Scientific Visualization	ESM 499	Research in Materials Science
CSE 373	Analysis of Algorithms		
CSE 376	Adv. Sys. Prog. in Unix/C		
CSE 377	Intro. to Medical Imaging		
CSE 487	Research in Computer Science		
MEC 305	Heat and Mass Transfer	EST 392	Eng. & Managerial Economics
MEC 310	Intro to Machine Design	EST 393	Prod. and Oper. Analysis
MEC 323	Internal Combustion Engine	EST 499	Research in Technology & Society
MEC 342	Intro to Experi. Stress Analysis	EST 331	Ethical and Intellectual Property
MEC 350	Energy Conv. & Alt. Energy Tech.		
MEC 393	Engineering Fluid Mechanics		
MEC 398	Thermodynamics II	PHY 251	Modern Physics
MEC 410	Design of Machine Elements	PHY 300	Optics & Waves
MEC 412	Computer-Aided Design	PHY 452	Lasers
MEC 499	Research in Mechanical Eng.		

Students must choose appropriate technical electives or non-ESE technical electives for their chosen track from those listed in Appendices A through D.

APPENDIX E

DESCRIPTION OF ESE COURSES

ESE 120 Projects in Electrical Engineering (3)

This course allows students to work with faculty and graduate students on an independent project in electrical engineering. This course is intended for high school students who are taking the Principles of Engineering course. Spring.

Prerequisite: Permission of Department.

ESE 123 Introduction to Electrical and Computer Engineering (4)

This course introduces basic electrical and computer engineering concepts through a two-pronged approach; hands-on wired and computer simulation experiments in analog and logic circuits; and supporting lectures providing concepts and theory relevant to the labs, with each experiment discussed one week earlier in lectures. The primary emphasis is on physical insight and applications rather than on mathematical rigor, and the intention is to stimulate the interest of students rather than overwhelm them with theory. PNC grading allowed for non majors. Fall and Spring.

Prerequisites or Corequisites: MAT 125 or 131 or 141 or AMS 151; PHY 125 or 131/133 or 141

ESE 124 Computer Techniques For Electronic Design I (3)

An extensive introduction to problem solving in electrical engineering using the ANSI C language. Topics covered include data types, operations, control flow, functions, data files, numerical techniques, pointers, structures, and bit operations. Students gain experience in applying the C language to the solution of a variety of electrical engineering problems, based on concepts developed in ESE 123. Knowledge of C at the level presented in this course is expected of all electrical engineering students in subsequent courses in the major. Spring and Fall.

Prerequisite or Corequisite: MAT 125 or 131 or 141 or AMS 151; ESE 123 or equivalent

ESE 211 Electronics Laboratory A (2)

Introduction to the measurement of electrical quantities; instrumentation; basic circuits, their operation and applications; electronic devices; amplifiers, oscillators, power supplies, wave-shaping circuits, and basic switching circuits. Fall and Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 271

Corequisite: ESE 372 for ECE/ESE majors only

ESE 218 Digital Systems Design (4)

Develops methods of analysis and design of both combinational and sequential systems regarding digital circuits as functional blocks. Utilizes demonstrations and laboratory projects consisting of building hardware on breadboards and simulation of design using CAD tools. Topics include: number systems and codes; switching algebra and switching functions; standard combinational modules and arithmetic circuits; realization of switching functions; latches and flip-flops; standard sequential modules; memory, combinational, and sequential PLDs and their applications; design of system controllers. Fall and Spring.

Prerequisite for engineering majors: PHY 127 or 132/134 or 142 or ESE 124

Prerequisite for CSE majors: CSE 220

ESE 224 Computer Techniques for Electronic Design II (3)

This course is an introduction of C++ programming language for problem solving in electrical and computer engineering. Topics covered include: C++ structures, classes, abstract data types and code reuse. Basic Object-oriented programming concepts as well as fundamental topics of discrete mathematics

and algorithms are introduced to solve problems in many areas in electrical and computer engineering. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 124

ESE 231 Introduction To Semiconductor Devices (3)

This course covers the principles of semiconductor devices. Energy bands, transport properties and generation recombination phenomena in bulk semiconductors are covered first. Junctions between semiconductors and metal-semiconductor will then be studied. Equipped with an understanding of the character of physical phenomena in semiconductors, students learn the principles of operation of diodes, transistors, light detectors and light emitting devices. This course will provide general background for subsequent courses in electronics. Fall

Prerequisites: AMS 161 or MAT 127 or 132 or 142 and PHY 127 or 132/134 or 142

ESE 271 Electrical Circuit Analysis I (4)

Electrical circuit analysis. Kirchoff's Laws, Ohm's Law, nodal and mesh analysis for electric circuits, capacitors, inductors, and steady-state AC; transient analysis using Laplace Transform. Fundamentals of AC power, coupled inductors, and two-ports. Fall and Spring.

Prerequisites: MAT 127 or 132 or 142 or AMS 161; PHY 127 or 132/134 or 142

ESE 290 Transitional Study (1-3)

A vehicle used to transfer students to remedy discrepancies between a Stony Brook course and a course taken at another institution. For example, it allows the student to take the laboratory portion of a course for which he or she has had the theoretical portion elsewhere. Open elective credit only. Fall and Spring.

Prerequisite: Permission of department

ESE 300 Technical Communications for Electrical/Computer Engineering (3)

Topics include how technical writing differs from other forms of writing, the components of technical writing, technical style, report writing, technical definitions, proposal writing, writing by group or team, instructions and manuals, transmittal letters, memoranda, abstracts and summaries, proper methods of documentation, presentations and briefings, and analysis of published engineering writing. Also covered is the writing of resumes and cover letters. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE, ECE majors, junior standing; WRT 102;

Prerequisite/ Corequisite: ESE 314 or 324 or 380 or 382

ESE 304 Applications of Operational Amplifiers (3)

Design of electronic instrumentation: structure of basic measurement systems, transducers, analysis and characteristics of operational amplifiers, analog signal conditioning with operational amplifiers, sampling, multiplexing, A/D and D/A conversion; digital signal conditioning, data input and display, and automated measurement systems. Application of measurement systems to pollution and to biomedical and industrial monitoring is considered. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 372

ESE 305 Deterministic Signals and Systems (3)

Introduction to signals and systems. Manipulation of simple analog and digital signals. Relationship between frequencies of analog signals and their sampled sequences. Sampling theorem. Concepts of linearity, time-invariance, causality in systems. Convolution integral and summation; FIR and IIR digital filters. Differential and difference equations. Laplace transform, z-transform, Fourier series and Fourier transform. Stability, frequency response and filtering. Provides general background for subsequent courses in control, communication, electronics and digital signal processing. Fall and Spring

Pre- or corequisite: ESE 271

ESE 306 Random Signals and Systems (3)

Random experiments and events; random variables, probability distribution and density functions, continuous and discrete random processes; Binomial, Bernoulli, Poisson, and Gaussian processes; system reliability; Markov chains; elements of queuing theory; detection of signals in noise; estimation of signal parameters; properties and application of auto-correlation and cross-correlation functions; power spectral density; response of linear systems to random inputs. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 305

ESE 307 Analog Filter Design (3)

Introduces basic concepts of analog filter theory and implementation. Topics include: filter types, transfer functions, Bode plots, implementation of first- and second order filters using op amps, maximally flat and equal-ripple filters, frequency transformations, LC ladders, transconductance-C realizations, switched capacitor circuits and filter sensitivity. Spring

Prerequisite: ESE 372 and ESE 305

ESE 310 Electrical Circuit Analysis II (3)

A continuation of ESE 271. Topics include network elements, graph theory, linear network analysis: fundamental loops and cutsets, matrix solutions, nonlinear network analysis; state variables, small and large signal analysis, numerical methods. Spring

Prerequisite: ESE 271

ESE 311 Analog Integrated Circuits (3)

Engineering design concepts applied to electronic circuits. Basic network concepts, computational analysis and design techniques: models of electronic devices; biasing and compensation methods; amplifiers and filters designed by conventional and computer-aided techniques. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 372

ESE 312 Microwave Electronics (3)

Fundamentals of microwave and RF electronics. Includes S-parameter theory, Smith charts, amplifier and oscillator design, matching network synthesis, large-signal and broadband methods, and power combiners. Computer-aided design packages are used throughout the course. Fall.

Prerequisite: ESE 372

ESE 314 Electronics Laboratory B (3)

Coordinated with, and illustrates and expands upon, concepts presented in ESE 372. Experiments include diode circuits, class A BJT, FET and differential amplifiers as well as analog signal processing. Laboratory fee required. Fall

Prerequisite: ESE 211 & ESE 372

ESE 315 Control System Design (3)

Analysis and design of linear control systems. Control components, development of block diagrams. Computer simulation of control systems and op-amp circuit implementation of compensators. Physical constraints in the design. Pole-placement and model matching design using linear algebraic method. Selection of models using computer simulation and quadratic optimal method. Root-locus method and Bode plot method. Use of PID controllers in practice. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 271

ESE 316 Digital Devices and Circuits (3)

Switching characteristics of devices: bipolar transistors, MOSFETs, C.C.D.s. Circuit analysis of leading IC gate technologies: TTL, ECL, MOS, CMOS, dynamic MOS. Interfacing logic families. Application of small scale ICs in control and timing circuits. Large scale integrated circuits, organization and characteristics of RAMs, ROMs and PLAs. The use of computer-aided circuit analysis is included. Fall.

Prerequisite: ESE 372

ESE 319 Introduction to Electromagnetic Fields and Waves (3)

Fundamental experimental results of electromagnetism. Topics include: mathematical formulation of integral laws and derivation and physical interpretation of differential Maxwell equations in free space; interaction of electromagnetic sources and fields; engineering applications; electromagnetic energy and power; generation of electromagnetic fields and waves in unbounded media by known sources; transmission line theory. Fall.

Prerequisite: ESE 271

ESE 320 Microwave Electronics Laboratory (2)

Introduces microwave measurement techniques as well as the design, fabrication and experimental characterization of various microwave components. Utilizes microwave CAD techniques for the design of microwave components and for experimental characterization, including the measurement of scattering parameters over a band of frequencies, employing a network analyzer. The first half of the course is in the format of lectures that introduce the concepts and theory behind the experiments. The second half is dedicated to performing the experiments on a rotation basis between various student groups of two or three students per group. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 319

ESE 321 Electromagnetic Waves and Wireless Communication (3)

Following topics are covered in this course; the wireless radio signal environment, electromagnetic wave propagation in free space and in other media, effects of reflection, scattering, diffraction, and multi-path interference on the characteristics and quality of the received signal., cellular wireless network planning, efficient use and reuse of assigned radio frequency spectrum, effects of transmitting and receiving antenna design, introduction of basic wireless communication techniques to achieve reliable communication. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 319

ESE 322 Automatic Identification Symbolologies and Scanning Technologies (3)

This course covers the analysis and design of bar code symbolologies and scanning technologies for automatic identification. Included are symbology code structures and pattern recognition; basic scanner design using both laser and imaging light sources; analysis of competing technologies and reasons for selection; printing technologies; bar code quality and specifications required for successful scanner design

Prerequisite(s): ESE 372, ESE 218, ESE 305

ESE 323 RFID Technology for Automatic Identification (3)

This course covers the analysis and design of RFID technologies for automatic identification. Included are the theory of operation, analysis of RFID system components, passive and active tags, frequencies used, air interfaces, coding structures, antenna design and regulatory compliance

Prerequisite: ESE 319

ESE 324 Electronics Laboratory C (2)

Illustrates and expands upon advanced concepts presented in ESE 372. Experiments include multistage amplifiers, class B and class C power amplifiers, speech processing, active RC and switched-capacitor filters, oscillators, and switching power supplies. Laboratory fee required. Spring.

Prerequisites: ESE 211, 372; ESE, ECE majors; junior standing

ESE 330 Integrated Electronics (3)

An overview of the design and fabrication of integrated circuits. Topics include gate-level and transistor-level design; fabrication material and processes; layout of circuits; automated design tools. This material is directly applicable to industrial IC design and provides a strong background for more advanced courses. Fall.

Prerequisite: ESE 372

ESE 332 Semiconductor Device Characterization (3)

Basic experimental experience in characterization of microelectronic and optoelectronic semiconductor devices including diodes, transistors, light emitting diodes, lasers, and photodetectors. Measurement of I-V and L-I (light-current) device characteristics; practice in the techniques of determining various device parameters; analysis of aggregate experimental data to determine the relationships between device and output characteristics, device band diagrams, and device designs. Includes study of modern methods of silicon and compound semiconductor devices and systems technologies. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 372

ESE 333 Real-Time Operating Systems (3)

Intro to basic concepts and principles of real-time operating systems. The topics to be covered include operating system concepts and structure, multiple processes, interprocess communication, real-time process scheduling, memory management, virtual memory, file system design, security, protection, and programming environments for real-time systems. Fall

Prerequisite: ESE 124, CSE 214 and ESE 380 or CSE 220

ESE 337 Digital Signal Processing Theory (3)

An introduction to Digital Signal Processing Theory, Sequences, Discrete-Time Convolution, and Difference Equations, Sampling and Reconstruction of Signals, One- and Two-Sided Z-Transforms, Transfer Functions and Frequency Response. Design of FIR and IIR Filters. Discrete and Fast Fourier Transforms and Applications. Fall

Prerequisite: ESE 305

ESE 340 Basic Communication Theory (3)

Basic concepts in both analog and digital data communications; signals, spectra, and linear networks; Fourier transforms, energy and power spectra, and filtering; AM, FM, and PM; time and frequency multiplexing; discussion of problems encountered in practice; noise and bandwidth considerations; pulse modulation schemes. Fall.

Prerequisites: ESE 305 and 306

ESE 341 Information Theory and Coding (3)

Statistical characteristics of languages, information sources as random processes, measurement of information, noiseless coding; the binary symmetric channel and other digital channels; channel capacity, introduction to algebraic coding, theory for noisy channels, communication with feedback. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 306 or AMS 311

ESE 342 Digital Communications Systems (3)

Pulse modulation and sampling. All-digital networks. Pulse code modulation. Digital modulation techniques. Time-division multiplexing. Baseband signaling. Intersymbol interference. Equalization. Basic error control coding. Exchange of reliability for rate. ARQ schemes. Message and circuit switching. Spring

Prerequisite : ESE 340

ESE 343 Modern Electronic Communications Laboratory (2)

Experimental study of communications systems and components. Design, test, and measurement techniques. AM and FM modulators and demodulators. Spectra, bandwidth measurement, analog and digital signaling equipment. Applications in communication and radar systems. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 340. *Pre- or corequisite*: ESE 342

ESE 344 Software Techniques for Engineers (3)

Trains students to use computer systems to solve engineering problems. It covers C/C++ programming language, UNIX programming environment, basic data structures and algorithms, and object oriented programming. Spring.

Prerequisites: ESE 218 or (discontinued ESE 318) and ESE 224 or CSE 230

ESE 345 Computer Architecture (3)

Starts with functional components at the level of registers, buses, arithmetic, and memory chips, and then uses a register transfer language to manipulate these in the design of hardware systems up to the level of complete computers. Specific topics also included are microprogrammed control, user-level instruction sets, I/O systems and device interfaces, control of memory hierarchies, and parallel processing organizations. Fall.

Prerequisites for ESE, ECE majors: ESE 380

Prerequisites for CSE majors: CSE 220 and ESE 218

ESE 346 Computer Communications (3)

Basic principles of computer communications. Introduction to performance evaluation of protocols. Protocols covered include those for local, metropolitan and wide area networks. Introduction to routing, high speed packet switching, circuit switching and optical data transport. Other topics include TCP/IP, Internet, web server design, network security and grid computing. Crosslisted with CSE 346. Spring.

Prerequisite or corequisite for ESE, ECE majors: ESE 306

Prerequisite for CSE majors: CSE 220; *Prerequisite or corequisite*: AMS 310 or 311

ESE 347 Digital Signal Processing: Implementation (4)

Fundamental techniques for implementing standard signal processing algorithms on dedicated digital signal processing chips. Topics include a review of discrete-time systems, sampling and reconstruction, FIR and IIR filter design, FFT, architecture and assembly language of a basic signal processing chip, and an introduction to adaptive filtering. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 337 or ESE 305 and ESE 380

ESE 349 An Introduction to Fault Diagnosis of Digital Systems (3)

A follow-up to ESE 318 to acquaint students with fault diagnosis of logic circuits. Both combinational and sequential circuits are considered. Concepts of faults and fault models are presented followed by discussion of test generation, test selection, and fault dictionaries. Emphasis is on test generation for fault detection, fault location, fault location within a module, and fault correction. Some basic reliability-enhancing design techniques for digital circuits and systems are also discussed. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 218 (or discontinued ESE 318)

ESE 350 Electrical Power Systems (3)

Fundamental engineering theory for the design and operation of a modern electric power system. Modern aspects of generation, transmission, and distribution are considered with appropriate inspection trips to examine examples of these facilities. The relationship between the facilities and their influence on our environment are reviewed. Topics included are power system fundamentals, characteristics of transmission lines, generalized circuit constants, transformers, control of power flow and of voltage, per unit system of computation, system stability, and extra-high voltage AC and DC transmission. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 271

ESE 351 Energy Conversion (3)

Natural and secondary energy sources; methods of energy conversion including thermionic, thermoelectric, and magneto-hydro-dynamic converters, fuel cells, and solar cells. Spring.

Prerequisites: ESE 271; MEC 301 or ESG 302

ESE 352 Electromechanical Energy Converters (3)

Basic principles of energy conversion; DC, induction, and synchronous rotary converters; the three-phase system and symmetrical components; the relationships between voltage, current, flux, and m.m.f.; equivalent circuits and operating characteristics of rotary converters; and analysis of saturation effects. Fall.

Prerequisite: ESE 372

ESE 355 VLSI System Design (4)

Introduces techniques and tools for scalable VLSI design and analysis. Emphasis is on physical design and on performance analysis. Includes extensive lab experiments and hands-on usage of CAD tools.

Spring

Prerequisite: ESE 218

ESE 356 Digital System Specification and Modeling(3)

Introduces concepts of specification and modeling for design at various level of abstraction. High Level specification language is used for executable models creation, representing possible architecture implementations. Topics include design space exploration through fast simulation and reuse of models and implementation. Spring

Prerequisiites: ESE 380 and ESE 124

ESE 357 Digital Image Processing (3)

Covers digital fundamentals, image transforms, image enhancement, image restoration, image compression, image segmentation, representation and description, recognition and interpretation. Fall.

Prerequisites for ESE, ECE majors: ESE 305; ESE 224 or CSE 230

Prerequisites for CSE majors: CSE 214 and CSE 220

ESE 358 Computer Vision (3)

Introduces fundamental concepts, algorithms, and computational techniques in visual information processing. Covers image formation, image sensing, binary image analysis, image segmentation, Fourier image analysis, edge detection, reflectance map, photometric stereo, basic photogrammetry, stereo, pattern classification, extended Gaussian images, and the study of the human visual system from an information processing point of view. Fall.

Prerequisites for ESE, ECE majors: ESE 305; ESE 224 or CSE 230

Prerequisites for CSE majors: CSE 214 and CSE 220

ESE 362 Optoelectronic Devices and Optical Imaging Techniques (3)

A thorough introduction to the field of optoelectronics including a firm basis of fundamental physics, optical imaging, and optical communication systems. A detailed coverage of laser and semiconductor devices along with a study of the commonly used optical radiation detectors. The definition of optoelectronics is extended to include a discussion on the behavior of light in crystals. Fall.

Prerequisite: ESE 372

ESE 363 Fiber Optic Communications (3)

Design of single and multi-wavelength fiber optic communication systems. Topics include: analysis of optical fibers; optical transmitter and receiver design; optical link design, single-wavelength fiber optic networks with analysis of FDDI and SONET/SDH; wavelength division multiplexing. Spring.

Prerequisites: ESE 372

ESE 366 Design using Programmable Mixed-Signal Systems-on-Chip (4)

This course focuses on development of mixed-signal embedded applications that utilize systems on chip (SoC) technology. The course discusses design issues, such as (i) implementing functionality, (ii) realizing new interfacing capabilities, and (iii) improving performance through programming the embedded microcontroller and customizing the reconfigurable analog and digital hardware of SoC.

Prerequisite: ESE218, ESE 372, and ESE 224 **or** CSE230 Spring.

ESE 371 Computer Graphics (4)

Input and output devices for human-computer communication, bitmap displays and their uses. Picture and graphics editor. Curve fitting with emphasis on Bezier splines. Scan conversion. Geometric transformations, projections, hidden line problems. Anti-aliasing. Fall.

Prerequisite: ESE 344 or CSE 214

ESE 372 Electronics (4)

The pertinent elements of solid-state physics and circuit theory are reviewed and applied to the study of electronic devices and circuits, including junction diodes, transistors, and gate and electronic switches; large- and small-signal analysis of amplifiers; amplifier frequency response; and rectifiers and wave-shaping circuits. Fall and Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 271

Corequisite: ESE 211 for ESE/ECE majors only

ESE 373 RF Electronics for Wireless Communications (3)

The course provides an introduction to the basic concepts and key circuits of radio-frequency systems. Taught within the context of the design and construction of a transceiver for wireless communications, the course covers fundamental principles which apply to all radio devices, from transceivers-on-a-chip to high-power broadcast transmitters. The essential theoretical background is presented at each stage, with additional emphasis placed on practical implementation using commercially-available integrated circuits for double-balanced mixers, oscillators, and audio power amplifiers. The topics begin with a thorough description of basic components and circuits, and continue with key elements of radio electronics, including filters, matching networks, amplifiers, oscillators, mixers, modulators, detectors, and antennas. Computer simulation via PSpice and Puff is emphasized as an integral part of the design process. Fall

Prerequisite(s): ESE 372

ESE 380 Embedded Microprocessor Systems Design I (4)

Fundamental concepts and techniques for designing electronic systems that contain a microprocessor or microcontroller as a key component. Topics include system level architecture, microprocessors, ROM, RAM, I/O subsystems, address decoding, PLDs and programmable peripheral ICs, assembly language programming and debugging. Hardware-software trade-offs in implementation of functions are considered. Hardware and software design are emphasized equally. Laboratory work involves design, implementation, and testing of microprocessor controlled circuits. Fall.

Prerequisite: ESE 218

ESE 381 Embedded Microprocessor Systems Design II (4)

A continuation of ESE 380. The entire system design cycle, including requirements definition and system specifications, is covered. Topics include real-time requirements, timing, interrupt driven systems, analog data conversion, multi-module and multi-language systems. The interface between high-level language and assembly language is covered. A complete system is designed and prototyped in the laboratory. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 271 and 380

ESE 382 Digital Design Using VHDL and PLDs (4)

Digital system design using the hardware description language VHDL and system implementation using complex programmable logic devices (CPLDs) and field programmable gate arrays (FPGAs). Topics include design methodology, VHDL syntax, entities, architectures, test benches, subprograms, packages, and libraries. Behavioral and structural coding styles for the synthesis of combinational and sequential circuits are covered. Architectures and characteristics of PLDs and FPGAs are studied. Laboratory work involves writing the VHDL descriptions and test benches for designs, compiling and functionally simulating the designs, fitting and timing simulation of the fitted designs, and programming the designs into a CPLD or FPGA and bench testing. Spring.

Prerequisite: ESE 318 or ESE 218

ESE 390 Special Topics in Digital Systems (1-6)

A vehicle for new course material of current interest in the area of digital systems. When offered, a specific title and course description is made available at registration time. May be repeated for different topics but only three credits may be counted as technical electives. Fall and Spring.

Prerequisite: Permission of department

ESE 440 Engineering Design I (3)

Lectures by faculty and visitors on typical design problems encountered in engineering practice. During this semester each student chooses a senior design project for Engineering Design II. A preliminary design report is required. Not counted as a technical elective. Laboratory fee required. Individual project prerequisites. Fall.

Prerequisites: ESE or ECE major, senior standing; Two ESE technical electives (excluding ESE 390 and ESE 499); project dependent ; ESE 300

ESE 441 Engineering Design II (3)

Student groups carry out the detailed design of the senior projects chosen during the first semester. A comprehensive technical report of the project and an oral presentation are required. Not counted as a technical elective. Laboratory fee required. Spring and Fall.

Prerequisite: ESE 440

ESE 475 Undergraduate Teaching Practicum (3)

Students assist the faculty in teaching by conducting recitation or laboratory sections that supplement a lecture course. The student receives regularly scheduled supervision from the faculty instructor. May be used as a non-ESE technical elective only and repeated once. All semesters.

Prerequisites: Senior standing, a minimum grade point average of 3.0 in all Stony Brook courses, and a grade of B in the course in which the student is to assist; permis of dept.

ESE 476 Instructional Laboratory Development Practicum (3)

Students work closely with faculty advisor and staff in developing new laboratory experiments for scheduled laboratory courses in electrical and computer engineering. A comprehensive technical report and the instructional materials developed must be submitted at the end of the course. May be used once as a technical elective for electrical or computer engineering major. May be repeated once but only 3 credits may be used as technical elective for either Electrical or Computer Engineering. Fall and Spring

Prerequisite(s): U4 standing, a minimum grade point average of 3.0 in all Stony Brook courses, and a minimum grade of A- in the course for which the student will develop instruction material; permission of the department and the instructor.

ESE 488 Internship in Electrical/Computer Engineering (3)

An independent off-campus engineering project with faculty supervision. May be repeated but only three credits of internship electives may be counted toward the non-ESE technical elective requirement. All semesters.

Prerequisites: ESE, ECE major; junior standing; 3.0 grade point average in all engineering courses; permission of department

ESE 499 Research in Electrical Sciences (0-3)

An independent research project with faculty supervision. Permission to register requires a 3.0 average in all engineering courses and the agreement of a faculty member to supervise the research. May be repeated but only three credits of research electives (AMS 487, CSE 487, MEC 499, ESM 499, EST 499, ISE 487) may be counted toward non-ESE technical elective requirements. All semesters.

APPENDIX F:
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL & COMPUTER ENGINEERING FACULTY

<u>FACULTY</u>	<u>RESEARCH INTERESTS</u>
Belenky, Gregory L.	Optoelectronic device and systems. Semiconductor devices, physics and technology.
Chen, Chi-Tsong	Systems and control theory; digital signal processing.
Dhadwal, Harbans S.	Integrated fiber optics, Fiber optic biosensors; optical signal processing; photon correlation spectroscopy
Djuric, Petar M.	Signal analysis, modeling, and processing; Monte Carlo methods; wireless communications and sensor networks
Doboli, Alexa	VLSI CAD with emphasis on hardware/software co-design and mixed-signal synthesis
Donetski, Dmitri	Design of long-wavelength detectors, photovoltaic cells and high power laser diode arrays
Dorojevets, Mikhail N.	Parallel computer architecture; high-performance systems design; superconductor processors.
Fernandez-Bugallo, Monica	Statistical signal processing, with emphasis in the topics of Bayesian analysis, sequential Monte Carlo methods, adaptive filtering, stochastic optimization and their applications to multiuser communications, smart antenna systems, target tracking and vehicle positioning and navigation.
Gindi, Gene	Medical Image Processing and Analysis with an emphasis on statistical methods
Gorfinkel, Vera	Semiconductor devices, including microwave and optoelectronics.
Hong, Sangjin	Low-power VLSI design of multimedia wireless communications and digital signal processing systems, including SOC design methodology and optimization
Kamoua, Ridha	Solid-state devices and circuits; microwave devices; integrated circuits.
Luryi, Serge	Sensor systems, semiconductor devices and technologies, optoelectronics
Murray, John	Signal processing; power switching electronics; systems theory.
Parekh, Jayant P.	Microwave acoustics; microwave magnetics; microwave electronics; microcomputer applications.
Robertazzi, Thomas G.	Computer networks; parallel processing, performance evaluation and e-commerce technology.
Shamash, Yacov	Control systems and robotics.
Shterengas, Leon	High power and high speed light emitters, carrier dynamics in nanostructures, molecular beam epitaxy
Short, Kenneth L.	Digital system design; embedded microprocessor systems; instrumentation.
Stanacevic, Milutin	Analog and Digital VLSI Circuits
Subbarao, Murali	Computer vision; image processing.
Sussman-Fort, Stephen E.	Microwave circuits, analog electronics, computer-aided design, and network theory.
Tang, K. Wendy,	Parallel and distributed processing; massively parallel systems; computer architecture; neural networks.
Tuan, Hang-Sheng	Electromagnetic theory; integrated optics; microwave acoustics.
Wang, Xin	Mobile Computing and Wireless Networking
Yang, Yuanyuan	Parallel and distributed computing and systems, high speed networks, optical networks, high performance computer architecture, and fault-tolerant computing
Zemnian, Armen	Network theory; VLSI modeling.

APPENDIX G

TEACHING LABORATORIES

Analog Laboratory

Contact Person: Anthony Olivo
Location: Rooms 283, Light Engineering
Usage: ESE 123, ESE 211, ESE 314, and ESE 324

This laboratory contains eighteen work stations consisting of equipment for testing simple to complex analog circuits, from DC to 20 MHz. Each work station consists of the following test equipment:

- 1) Dell Dimension Personal Computer with ATE connectivity and HPVee software.
- 2) Agilent Model 54621A 60 MHz Two Channel Digital Storage Oscilloscope.
- 3) Agilent Model E3631A Triple Output Power Supply with a variable +6 VDC and +/- 25 VDC outputs.
- 4) Fluke Model 45 High Resolution Digital Multimeter with Frequency Counter and Dual Display for simultaneous measurements.
- 5) Agilent Model 33120A Arbitrary Waveform Generator that produces various signals from 0.1 Hz to 15 MHz.
- 6) Agilent Model 33220A Arbitrary Waveform Generator that produces various signals from 0.1 Hz to 20 MHz.
- 7) E&L Cadet Digital Designer for digital designs.
- 8) Three section Solderless Breadboard for the construction and testing of circuits designed in the laboratory.

A Tektronix Model 571 Transistor Curve Tracer and a Philips Model 6303A Automatic RLC meter are available for general use. The workstations are networked through a 3Com SuperStacker 1100 24 port switch to a HP 4200TN LaserJet Network Printer.

The CAD laboratory is used in conjunction with this laboratory for the design, modeling, and simulation of all Analog and Digital circuits built and tested for laboratory experiments

Electrical & Computer Engineering Computer Aided Design Laboratory

Contact Person: Scott Campbell, Prof. John Murray
Location: Room 281, Light Engineering
Usage: ESE 123, ESE 124, ESE 211, ESE 218, ESE 271, ESE 300, ESE 305, ESE 306, ESE 314, ESE 315, ESE 316, ESE 324, ESE 337, ESE 345, ESE 346, ESE 347, ESE 349, ESE 357, ESE 358, ESE 372, ESE 380, ESE 381, ESE 382, ESE 440, ESE 441, ESE 475, ESE 476, ESE 499

The Electrical & Computer Engineering Computer Aided Design Laboratory is the primary computing resource for all undergraduate courses taught in the department. The ECE CAD Lab offers undergraduate students access to CAD software tools used to analyze, model, simulate, and better understand engineering concepts. Currently the lab supports every undergraduate course in the department, represented by over 1200 active accounts at this time. The following courses utilize the ECE CAD Lab for schematic capture, analog design and simulation, digital design and simulation, math packages, and compilers:

ESE 123, ESE 124, ESE 211, ESE 271, ESE 300, ESE 305, ESE 306, ESE 314, ESE 315, ESE 316, ESE 318, ESE 324, ESE 337, ESE 345, ESE 346, ESE 347, ESE 349, ESE 357, ESE 358, ESE 372, ESE 380, ESE 381, ESE 382, ESE 440, ESE 441, ESE 475

The ECE CAD Lab currently has a total of 40 Dell Dimension PC's. All of the computers are networked via switched ethernet to a Dell file server. There are two network laser printers available for students to print their results.

The lab has consistently improved each year thanks to annual ABET funds that were put in place to maintain the lab facilities. This has been the greatest single difference in the CAD Lab, the ability to slowly over several years buy new PC's, networking hardware, network Printers, and servers. The ECE CAD Lab is in the best condition it has ever enjoyed thanks to this funding and the ability to plan purchases over several years.

The following software packages are available to the users on the network:

- Cadence LDV (VHDL and Verilog)
- Visio Technical
- Matlab - The Mathworks Inc.
- Maple - Waterloo Maple Inc.
- Aldec Active HDL – Aldec
- Synplicity Pro – Synplicity ISP Lever - Lattice
- Electronics Workbench - Interactive Image Technologies Inc.
- Microsoft Visual Studio C, C++, J++ - Microsoft
- Microsoft Office - Microsoft
- Pspice Capture, Pspice A/D - Cadence
- Texas Instruments TMS329 family development tools
- More packages are being added each year

Digital Systems Design Laboratory

Contact Person: Anthony Olivo
Location: Room 283A, Light Engineering
Usage: ESE 218

This laboratory contains fourteen workstations, each consisting of an Agilent Model 54603B 60 MHz Two Channel Digital Storage Oscilloscope, a Hewlett Packard Model 54620A Digital Logic Analyzer and an E&L Ruggedized CADET II Digital Designer.

The HP Digital Logic Analyzer can capture and display up to 16 channels of digital data via a flexible dual 8-channel cable. Data acquisition is accomplished by normal, time base, channel activity, or glitch triggering. The E&L Instruments Ruggedized CADET II is a multi-function breadboard system, which consists of the following:

- 1) A three section Solderless Breadboard for the construction and testing of circuits,
- 2) A function generator, which outputs sine waves, triangle waves, square waves, and TTL square waves from 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz.
- 3) Three internal power supplies with a fixed +5VDC, a +1.3 to +15 VDC variable output, and a -1.3 to -15 VDC variable output
- 4) 16 LED logic indicators (8 logic HIGH and 8 Logic LOW)
- 5) 8 Logic switches, two debounced switches, and a 8 ohm speaker

The CAD laboratory is used in conjunction with this laboratory for the design, modeling, and simulation of all Digital circuits built and tested for laboratory experiments.

Embedded Systems Design Laboratory

Contact Individuals: Scott Tierno, Prof. Ken Short
Location: Room: 230, Light Engineering
Usage: ESE 380, ESE 381, ESE 440, ESE 441, ESE 475, ESE 499

The Embedded Systems Design Laboratory (ESDL) is devoted to teaching and system design projects involving embedded microprocessor based systems. The laboratory is located in the Light Engineering building in room 230.

The facility is used primarily to support the laboratory portions of two undergraduate courses: ESE 380 and ESE 381, Embedded Microprocessor Systems Design I and II. This lab facility contains 10 student stations, each of which supports a group of 2 students. Each student station is equipped with a personal computer (PC), a full function state-of-the-art solderless breadboarding system, a Fluke model 45 dual display digital multimeter, an HP 54603B Digital Storage Oscilloscope, and a variety of other test equipment. In addition, each station has available a configurable Atmel AVR microcomputer board, and an Atmel JTAG-ICE unit, which provides support for a variety of AVR devices.

The ESDL facility also has available a device programming station that is used in by students enrolled in ESE-380, ESE-381, ESE-499, and ESE-440/441. The programming station enables the programming of SPLDs, CPLDs, EPROMS, and other programmable devices.

Each lab station personal computer is further networked via a 100 Base-T Ethernet LAN to a Windows Xeon-based network server. The server is RAID 1 compliant and has six high capacity high speed SCSI hard drives. At present the server is running the Windows 2003 Server network operating

system. The laboratory LAN is connected by a hardware firewall to the campus switched Ethernet network. This provides high speed access to a variety of on and off campus computer systems and Web sites. This server also supports the DSRPL facility (see below).

Digital Signal Processing Laboratory (DSP)

Contact Individuals: Scott Campbell, Prof. John Murray
Location: Room: 179, Light Engineering
Usage: ESE 347, ESE 440, ESE 441

The Digital Signal Processing Laboratory has a HP Spectrum Analyzer, FlexDSP in-circuit emulator and the capability for Real-time DSP implementation. The laboratory has ten workstations, a station is comprised of a Dell Dimension PC, a 60 MHz 2-channel digital oscilloscope, function generator, Texas Instruments TMS320C6713 DSP Starter Kit, and Texas Instruments TMS320C6701 Evaluation Module.

All of the stations have a full set of development tools (Texas Instruments Code Composer Studio, C compiler, assembler, linker, and simulator) for the TMS320C67xx family; this software, with the simulator target, is also available in the CAD lab, providing students with access outside laboratory hours. All of the stations are networked to the CAD Lab, so that the code developed in the CAD Lab is available to the students for their labs.

This facility supports ESE 347 (Digital Signal Processing: Implementation), ESE 440 (Engineering Design I), and ESE441 (Engineering Design II). ESE347 has a regularly scheduled laboratory (3 hours/week). The experiments performed include:

- o design and implementation of simple FIR filters;
- o design and implementation of high-order FIR filters, including low-pass, broadband differentiators, and Hilbert transformers;
- o design and implementation of simple IIR filters, with effects of overflow and saturation;
- o design and implementation of higher-order IIR filters, with special emphasis on bilinear transform designs;
- o design of digital oscillators.
- o AM and SSB modulation/demodulation

Digital Systems Rapid Prototyping Laboratory

Contact Individuals: Scott Tierno, Prof. Ken Short
Location: Room: 230, Light Engineering
Usage: ESE 382, ESE 440, ESE 441, ESE 475, ESE 499

The Digital Systems Rapid Prototyping Laboratory is devoted to teaching, research, and system design projects involving advanced digital systems employing embedded microprocessor based systems and or VHDL based digital systems. The laboratory is located in room 228 of the Light Engineering building.

This facility is structured to support advanced digital design projects, as well as the laboratory portion of an undergraduate upper level VHDL digital design course, ESE-382. The lab room is configured with design stations equipped with Pentium based workstations that are networked to the laboratory's RAID 1 compliant Novell server. Each workstation provides access to a number of

sophisticated software design packages, including ActiveVHDL by Aldec, Synplify from Synplicity, ispLEVER from Lattice Semiconductor, and other related software packages. All software packages utilize floating licensing, and are available on virtually all computers in the DSRPL, as well as the ESDL.

The project design stations may also be configured with a variety of test and debugging equipment, as needed for a respective project. Available are POD based (CPU replacement) and JTAG based (on-chip) in-circuit emulators, logic analyzers, digital storage oscilloscopes, function/waveform generators, and a variety of other standard lab test equipment. Further available in this room is a device programming station that supports a large number of programmable logic devices including EPROMs, microcontrollers, standard and complex PLDs, and FPGAs. Currently this lab supports embedded system designs based on the Atmel AVR family, as well as several industry standard single chip microcontrollers. Digital system designs using VHDL, and CPLDs and FPGAs from Lattice, Xilinx, and Altera are currently supported.

IEEE Student Laboratory

Contact Person:	President	IEEE Student Branch
Location:	Room 175, Light Engineering	

This laboratory is run, independently, by the student chapter of the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers. Seniors find the laboratory particularly useful in testing their senior design projects

APPENDIX H

RESEARCH LABORATORIES

All research laboratories are used by students working toward either their Masters or Ph.D. degree. In addition, undergraduate students may also use these facilities for independent work study (ESE 499).

Digital Signal Processing Laboratory

Contact Person: Prof. John Murray
Location: Room 116, Light Engineering

The digital signal processing laboratory has PC-based signal processing equipment, and an excellent complement of basic test equipment. The PC-based equipment includes systems with Texas Instruments fixed- and floating-point processors (TMS320C24X, TMS32C28XX, TMS320C3X, TMS320C6211, and TMS320C6711) with full analog-in to analog-out capabilities, and in-circuit emulation. In addition, there are full sets of development tools (assemblers, linkers, simulators, debuggers, C compilers and Integrated Development Environments) for all of these systems.

The test equipment includes oscilloscopes, power supplies, meters, and signal generators. The lab also has a H-P 3585-A spectrum analyzer.

The Petaflops Design Laboratory

Contact Person: Prof. M. Dorojevets
Location: Room 244, Light Engineering

This research facility is equipped with two SUN workstations, several PCs with Linux, and a 18-processor Beowulf-type cluster. All computers are connected by Fast 100 Mb/sec Ethernet LAN.

Computer Vision Laboratory

Contact Person: Prof. M. Subbarao
Location: Room 248, Light Engineering

This laboratory has a network of Personal Computers, digital imaging hardware, and custom built Computer Vision Systems for experimental research in 3D vision and digital image processing.

COSINE Laboratory

Contact Person: Prof. Petar Djuric
Location: Room 202,204, 256, Light Engineering

The COSINE Laboratory supports the research efforts of faculty members and graduate and undergraduate students of the Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering whose work is in the areas of communications, signal processing, and networking. Current and recent research projects involve particle filters for wireless communications, mobile and wireless networks, teletraffic performance modeling, radio-frequency identification, sensor signal processing, positioning and navigation, computer networking, grid computing, image processing, data transmission using coded modulation, multiple-access systems, dynamic channel assignment, network performance evaluation, signal detection, information theory, Bayesian signal processing, and stochastic simulations of biochemical reactions.

Mobile Systems Design Laboratory

Contact Person: Prof. S. Hong
Location: Room 254, Light Engineering

Mobile Systems Design Laboratory is equipped to conduct research in the broad area of VLSI systems design for signal processing and communications. The laboratory has several SUN workstations for design and simulation of complex hardware and software systems. These machines equipped with commercial CAD tools and FPGA prototyping capability. There are PCs with wireless network testing capability for network hardware platform design.

Opto-Electronics Laboratory

Contact Person: Prof. G. Belenky, Prof. S. Luryi,
Locations: Room 181 Light Eng.
Room 233 Heavy Eng.

The laboratory specializes in growth, fabrication and advanced characterization of optoelectronic devices including semiconductor lasers. Semiconductor wafers are grown by Molecular Beam Epitaxy (MBE) in VEECO Gen 930 reactor including materials of III and V groups. The epitaxial materials are characterized with high-resolution X-ray diffractometry, photoluminescence, carrier lifetime measurements with time resolution from 200 femtoseconds to microseconds providing the rapid feedback for optimization of growth. The wafers are processed in a Class 100 cleanroom. Unpackaged devices are tested with probe stations operating from liquid helium to room temperatures and above.

High-sensitivity and high-resolution spectral measurements are performed with Fourier transform and grating spectrometers. Optical characteristics of diode lasers and diode laser arrays with output powers exceeding 100 W are measured with a variety of quantum and thermal detectors. Electrical characteristics of microwave devices are studied in a frequency range up to 20 GHz.

High-Performance Computing and Networking Research Laboratory

Contact Person: Prof. Y. Yang
Location: Room 206A, Light Engineering

Here is the description for High Performance Computing and Networking Research Laboratory. Please also use this version to update the department website.

This laboratory is equipped to conduct experimental research in the broad areas of networking and parallel and distributed systems. The lab has

- 1 Dell PowerEdge 1800 computing server,
- 8 Dell OptiPlex GX620 MT workstations,
- 1 Sun Ultra 60 Workstation with dual processors,
- 4 Sun Ultra 10 Workstations,
- 8 Dell Latitude D610 laptops,
- 4 Lenovo ThinkPad X41 tablets/laptops,
- 8 Dell 520 MHZ Axim X51v PDAs,
- 1 Agilent 1683A standalone logic analyzer,
- 1 Agilent 54622A 2 channel 100-MHz MegaZoom oscilloscope,
- 1 M1 HF RFID development kit,
- 1 DKM8 UHF RFID development kit, and
- 1 CC2420DK development kit.

VLSI Systems Design Laboratory

Contact Person: Prof. Alex Doboli
Location: Old Chemistry Building, Room 225

The lab is equipped for research in the broad area of electronic system design and design automation. The lab contains 11 SUN workstations, 3 PCs, and several microcontroller and FPGA based boards. Various IC design software tools, including Cadence and Synopsys tools, are installed. The lab has its own library of about 200 books, 50 Ph.D. thesis, as well as the most relevant research papers published over the last five years. Current research projects involve design automation for mixed analog-digital systems and embedded systems for multimedia and sensor network applications.

Wireless Sensor and RFID Network (WSRN) Laboratory

Contact Person: Prof. W. Tang
Location: Room 283, Light Engineering

The Wireless Sensor and RFID Network Laboratory supports research on novel architecture, energy efficient protocols for wireless sensor and RFID networks. Current projects are funded by the National Science Foundation and the Center for Wireless and Information Technology (CEWIT) at Stony Brook University. The lab has state of art equipment for wireless sensor network and RFID network simulation and implementation.

Fluorescence Detection Lab

Contact Person: Mr. Gregory Citver,
Location: Chemistry Building, Rooms 551-559.

This lab is involved in design, development, implementation, and testing of various DNA sequencing instruments. Research areas include laser induced fluorescence detection, single photon counting techniques, fast data acquisition and transfer, design and development of analog and digital integrated circuits, signal processing, capillary electrophoresis phenomena, DNA sequencing.

Fiber Optics Sensors Laboratory

Contact Person: Prof. H. Dhadwal
Location: Room 136, Light Engineering

Research:

Research emphasis is on the development and fabrication of novel fiber optic systems for very diverse applications ranging from aerospace to biomedical. Projects involve development of new techniques and algorithms. Research work has been supported by NSF, NASA, NIH and various state and industrial partners. Some of the current research projects include development capillary waveguide based biosensors for detection of pathogens in a marine environment, integrated fiber optic based systems for real time detection of synchronous and asynchronous vibrations in turbomachinery.

Equipment:

Equipment includes a fiber optic fusion splicer, fiber polisher, diamond saw, optical microscope and various laser sources. Additionally, the laboratory has the facilities for designing printed circuits and fabricating optical and electronic sub-systems.