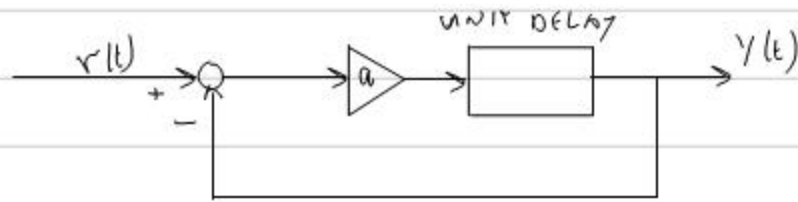


Ex. 2.3:



IMPULSE RESPONSE:

$$h_c(t) = a\delta(t-1) - a^2\delta(t-2) + a^3\delta(t-3) - \dots$$

STABILITY: Stable $\Leftrightarrow |a| < 1$

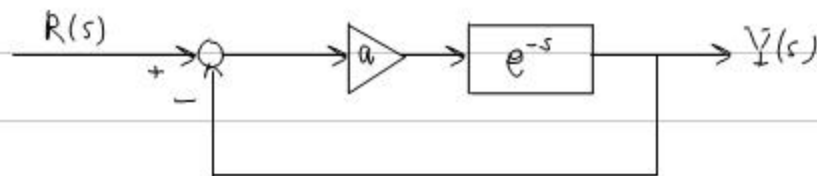
Ex. 2.4: TRANSFER FUNCTION OF UNIT DELAY:

$$H(s) = \mathcal{L}\{\delta(t-1)\} = \int_0^{\infty} \delta(t-1)e^{-st} dt = e^{-s}$$

Ex. 2.5: TRANSFER FUNCTION OF CLOSED-LOOP SYSTEM: (Ex. 2.3)

$$\begin{aligned} H_c(s) &= \mathcal{L}\{h_c(t)\} = ae^{-s} - a^2e^{-2s} + a^3e^{-3s} - \dots \\ &= \frac{ae^{-s}}{1+ae^{-s}} \end{aligned}$$

OR:



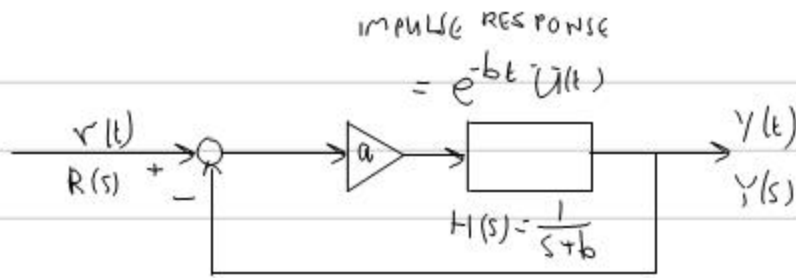
$$Y(s) = e^{-s} \cdot a \cdot (R(s) - Y(s))$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 + ae^{-s})Y(s) = ae^{-s}R(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(s) = \frac{ae^{-s}}{1 + ae^{-s}} \cdot R(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = H_c(s) = \frac{ae^{-s}}{1 + ae^{-s}}$$

EXAMPLE:



TRY IN TIME-DOMAIN?

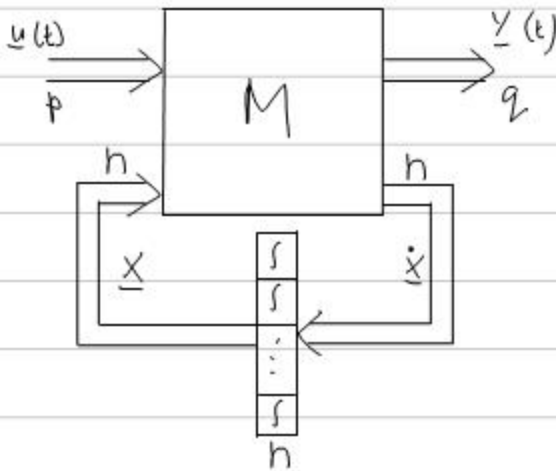
IN TERMS OF S:

$$\bar{Y}(s) = a \cdot \frac{1}{s+b} (R(s) - Y(s))$$

$$\Rightarrow (s+a+b)\bar{Y}(s) = aR(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow H_{cl}(s) = \frac{a}{s+a+b}$$

STATE VARIABLE SYSTEM:



NONLINEAR:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \dot{x}(t) \\ y(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} f(x(t), u(t), t) \\ g(x(t), u(t), t) \end{pmatrix}$$

NONLINEAR, TIME-INV.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \dot{x}(t) \\ y(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} f(x(t), u(t)) \\ g(x(t), u(t)) \end{pmatrix}$$

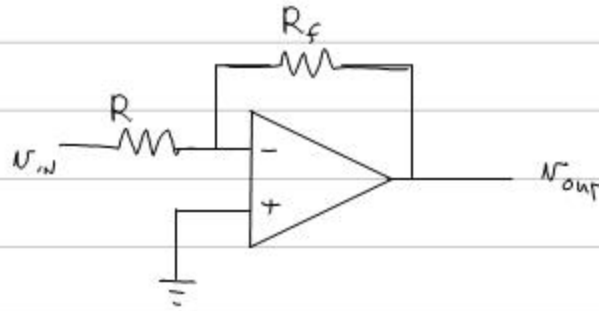
LINEAR:
$$\begin{pmatrix} \dot{x}(t) \\ y(t) \end{pmatrix} = M(t) \begin{pmatrix} x(t) \\ u(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} A(t) & B(t) \\ C(t) & D(t) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x(t) \\ u(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

[M(t), A(t), B(t), C(t), D(t) ARE ALL MATRICES]

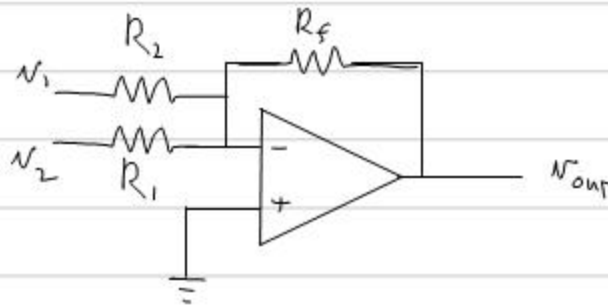
LINEAR, TIME-INVARIANT: M(t), A(t), B(t), C(t), D(t) ARE CONSTANT

Op-Amp Implementation:

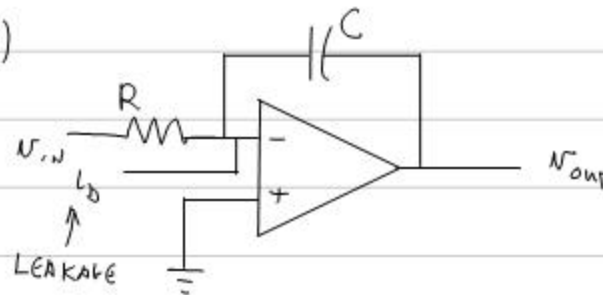
CONSTANT GAIN:



ADDER (WITH GAINS):

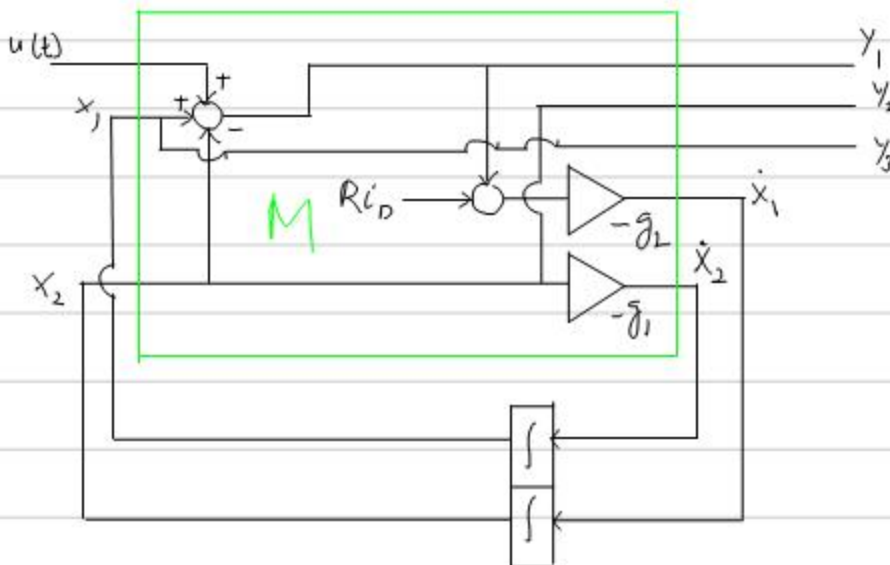


INTEGRATOR: (WITH GAIN)



$$V_{out}(s) = \frac{-1}{sRC} V_{in} - \frac{1}{sC} i_b$$

EXAMPLE: STATE-VARIABLE "BIQUAD" FILTER.



STATE-VARIABLE EQUATIONS FOR BIQUAD:

$$\dot{x}_1 = -g_1 x_2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -g_2 (u + x_2 - x_1 + R i_b)$$

$$y_1 = u + x_2 - x_1$$

$$y_2 = x_2$$

$$y_3 = x_1$$

S₀

$$\dot{\underline{x}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -g_1 \\ g_2 & -g_2 \end{pmatrix} \underline{x} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -g_2 & -Rg_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ i_b \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{y} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \underline{x} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ i_b \end{pmatrix}$$

S₀

$$H(s) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} s & g_1 \\ -g_2 & s + g_2 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -g_2 & -Rg_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

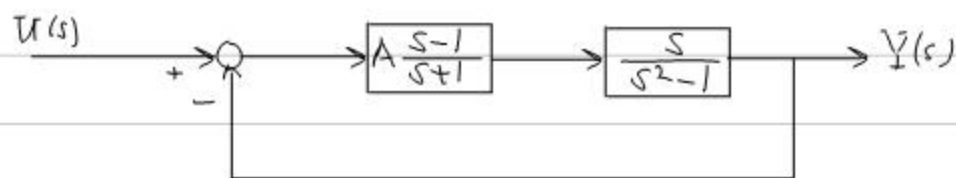
$$= \frac{1}{s^2 + sg_2 + g_1 g_2} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} s + g_2 & -g_1 \\ g_2 & s \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -g_2 & -Rg_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^2 + sg_2 + g_1 g_2} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} g_1 g_2 & Rg_1 g_2 \\ -sg_2 & -Rsg_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^2 + sg_2 + g_1 g_2} \begin{pmatrix} -sg_2 - g_1 g_2 & -R(sg_2 + g_1 g_2) \\ -sg_2 & -sg_2 R \\ g_1 g_2 & Rg_1 g_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

EXAMPLES:

A:



TRANSFER FUNCTION:

$$\bar{Y}(s) = \frac{s}{s^2-1} \cdot A \frac{s-1}{s+1} (U(s) - Y(s))$$

$$= \frac{As}{(s+1)^2} (U(s) - Y(s))$$

$$\Rightarrow (s^2 + (2+A)s + 1) \bar{Y}(s) = As \bar{U}(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow H(s) = \frac{As}{s^2 + (2+A)s + 1}$$